# SECTION A GENERAL PROVISIONS

#### INDEX

Artic	ele Page No.	Article	Page No.
Alterations in Contract 40	9	Manuals for Production-Type Items	8
Assignment of Claims	3	New Material 3	1
Buy American Act 5	1	Nondiscrimination in Employment	7
Convict Labor 22	6	Non-Publicity	8
Covenant Against Contingent Fees 9	. 2	Notice and Assistance Regarding Patent and Copy-	
Data 20	5	right Infringement	3
Data—Withholding of Payment	6	Notice of Shipments	8
Definitions 6		Notice to the Government of Labor Disputes 10	2
Delivery F.O.B	. 8	Officials Not To Benefit 8	2
Delivery—Late	8	Packing and Packaging 34	8
Delivery—Personal 33	8	Patent Rights (License) 18	3
Disputes 7	2	Protective Signature	8
Filing of Patent Applications 16	3	Priorities, Allocations, and Allotments 12	3
Filing of Patent Applications (Foreign) 17		Royalty Information	5
Government Surplus 4		Security Requirements	7
Gratuities		Shipping Instructions	8
Identification and Marking of Shipments 39		Standard Price	8
Inspection		Utilization of Concerns in Labor Surplus Areas 2	1
Interest 26		Utilization of Small Business Concerns 1	1
Limitation on Withholding of Payments 13		Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act	7
LIBITATION OF WITCHOUSING OF PAVMENTS 1.3		work mours act of two/—Uvertime Compensation %3	n

#### ARTICLE 1

### 1-707.3 UTILIZATION OF SMALL BUSINESS CON-CERNS: (JAN. 58)

(a) It is the policy of the Government as declared by the Congress that a fair proportion of the purchases and contracts for supplies and services for the Government be placed with small business concerns.

(b) The Contractor agrees to accomplish the maximum amount of subcontracting to small business concerns that the Contractor finds to be consistent with the efficient performance of the contract.

## ARTICLE 2

# 1-805.3(a) UTILIZATION OF CONCERNS IN LABOR SURPLUS AREAS (FEB. 1962)

It is the policy of the Government to place contracts with concerns which will perform such contracts substantially in areas of persistent or substantial labor surplus where this can be done, consistent with the efficient performance of the contract, at prices no higher than are obtainable elsewhere. The Contractor agrees to use his best efforts to place his subcontracts in accordance with this policy. In complying with the foregoing and with paragraph (b) of the clause of this contract entitled "Utilization of Small Business Concerns," the Contractor in placing his subcontracts shall observe the following order of preference: (i) persistent labor surplus area concerns which are also small business concerns; (ii) other persistent labor surplus area concerns; (iii) substantial labor surplus area concerns which are also small business concerns; (iv) other substantial labor surplus area concerns; and (v) small business concerns which are not labor surplus area concerns.

# ARTICLE 3

# 1-1208(a) NEW MATERIAL (NOV. 1963)

Except as to any supplies and components which the Specification or Schedule specifically provides need not be new, the Contractor represents that the supplies and components including any former Government property identified in the "Government Surplus" clause of this contract to be provided under this contract are new (not used or reconditioned, and not of such age or so deteriorated as to impair their usefulness or safety). If at any

time during the performance of this contract, the Contractor believes that the furnishing of supplies or components which are not new is necessary or desirable, he shall notify the Contracting Officer immediately, in writing, including the reasons therefor and proposing any considerations which will flow to the Government if authorization to use such supplies is granted.

### ARTICLE 4

## 1-1208(d) GOVERNMENT SURPLUS (NOV. 1963)

(a) In the event the bid or proposal is based on furnishing items or components which are former Government surplus property or residual inventory resulting from terminated Government contracts, a complete description of the items or components, quantity to be used, name of Government agency from which acquired, and date of acquisition shall be set forth below:

Notwithstanding any information provided in accordance with this provision, items furnished by the Contractor must comply in all respects with the specifications contained herein.

(b) Except as disclosed by the Contractor in (a) above, no property of the type described herein shall be furnished under this contract unless approved in writing by the Contracting Officer.

# ARTICLE 5

## 6-104.5 BUY AMERICAN ACT (MAY 1964)

- (a) In acquiring end products, the Buy American Act (41 U.S.C. 10a-d) provides that the Government give preference to domestic source end products. For the purpose of this clause:
  - (i) "components" means those articles, materials, and supplies, which are directly incorporated in the end products;
  - (ii) "end products" means those articles, materials, and supplies, which are to be acquired under this contract for public use; and

1

- (iii) a "domestic source end product" means (A) an unmanufactured end product which has been mined or produced in the United States and (B) an end product manufactured in the United States if the cost of the components thereof which are mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States or Canada exceeds 50 percent of the cost of all its components. For the purposes of this (a)(iii)(B), components of foreign origin of the same type or kind as the products referred to in (b) (ii) or (iii) of this clause shall be treated as components mined; produced, or manufactured in the United States.
- (b) The Contractor agrees that there will be delivered under this contract only domestic source end products, except end products:
  - (i) which are for use outside the United States;
  - (ii) which the Government determines are not mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available commercial quantities and of a satisfactory quality;
  - (iii) as to which the Secretary determines the domestic preference to be inconsistent with the public interest; or
  - (iv) as to which the Secretary determines the cost to the Government to be unreasonable.

#### ARTICLE 6

# 7-103.1(mod) **DEFINITIONS** (FEB. 1962)

As used throughout this contract, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

- (a) The term "head of the agency" or "Secretary" means the Secretary, the Under Secretary, any Assistant Secretary, or any other head or assistant head of the executive or military department or other Federal agency; and the term "his duly authorized representative" means any person or persons or board (other than the Contracting Officer) authorized to act for the head of the agency or the Secretary.
- (b) The term "Contracting Officer" means the person executing this contract on behalf of the Government, and any other officer or civilian employee who is a properly designated Contracting Officer; and the term includes, except as otherwise provided in this contract, the authorized representative of a Contracting Officer acting within the limits of his authority.
- (c) Except as otherwise provided in this contract, the term "subcontracts" includes purchase orders under this contract.
- (d) "Contract" as used herein means this contract and/or any Task Orders issued under and subject to the provisions of this contract.
- (e) "Schedule" means a Schedule attached to this contract or to a Task Order under this contract.

# ARTICLE 7

#### 7-103.12 DISPUTES (JAN. 1958)

(a) Except as otherwise provided in this contract, any dispute concerning a question of fact arising under this contract which is not disposed of by agreement shall be decided by the Contracting Officer, who shall reduce his decision to writing and mail or otherwise furnish a copy thereof to the Contractor. The decision of the Contracting Officer shall be final and conclusive unless, within 30 days from the date of receipt of such copy, the Contractor mails or otherwise furnishes to the Contracting Officer a written appeal addressed to the Secretary. The decision of the Secretary or his duly authorized representative for the determination of such appeals shall be final and conclusive unless determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to have been fraudulent, or capricious, or arbitrary, or so grossly erroneous as necessarily to imply bad faith, or not supported by substantial evidence. In connection with any appeal proceeding under this clause, the Contractor shall be afforded an opportunity to be heard and to offer evidence in support of his appeal. Pending final decision of a dispute hereunder, the Contractor shall proceed diligently with the performance of the contract and in accordance with the Contracting Officer's decision.

(b) This "Disputes" clause does not preclude consideration of law questions in connection with decisions provided for in paragraph (a) above; provided, that nothing in this contract shall be construed as making final the decision of any administrative official, representative, or board on a question of law.

#### ARTICLE 8

# 7-103.19 OFFICIALS NOT TO BENEFIT (JUL. 1949)

No member of or delegate to Congress, or resident commissioner, shall be admitted to any share or part of this contract, or to any benefit that may arise therefrom; but this provision shall not be constructed to extend to this contract if made with a corporation for its general benefit.

### ARTICLE 9

# 7-103.20 COVENANT AGAINST CONTINGENT FEES (JAN. 1958)

The Contractor warrants that no person or selling agency has been employed or retained to solicit or secure this contract upon an agreement or understanding for a commission, percentage, brokerage, or contingent fee, excepting bona fide employees or bona fide established commercial or selling agencies maintained by the Contractor for the purpose of securing business. For breach or violation of this warranty the Government shall have the right to annul this contract without liability or in its discretion, to deduct from the contract price or consideration, or otherwise recover, the full amount of such commission, percentage, brokerage or contingent fee.

# ARTICLE 10

# 7-104.4 NOTICE TO THE GOVERNMENT OF LABOR DISPUTES (SEP. 1958)

- (a) Whenever the Contractor has knowledge that any actual or potential labor dispute is delaying or threatens to delay the timely performance of this contract, the Contractor shall immediately give notice thereof, including all relevant information with respect thereto, to the Contracting Officer.
- (b) The Contractor agrees to insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (b), in any subcontract hereunder as to which a labor dispute may delay the timely performance of this contract; except that each such subcontract shall provide that in the event its timely performance is delayed or threatened by delay by any actual or potential labor dispute, the subcontractor shall immediately notify his next higher tier subcontractor, or the prime contractor, as the case may be, of all relevant information with respect to such dispute.

# ARTICLE 11

# 7-104.16 GRATUITIES (MAR. 1952)

- (a) The Government may, by written notice to the Contractor, terminate the right of the Contractor to proceed under this contract if it is found, after notice and hearing, by the Secretary or his duly authorized representative, that gratuities (in the form of entertainment, gifts, or otherwise) were offered or given by the Contractor, or any agent or representative of the Contractor, to any officer or employee of the Government with a view toward securing a contract or securing favorable treatment with respect to the awarding or amending, or the making of any determinations with respect to the performing of such contract; provided, that the existence of the facts upon which the Secretary or his duly authorized representative makes such findings shall be in issue and may be reviewed in any competent court.
- (b) In the event this contract is terminated as provided in paragraph (a) hereof, the Government shall be entitled (i) to pursue the same remedies against the Contractor as it could pursue in the event of a breach of the contract by the Contractor, and (ii) as a penalty in addition to any other damages to which it may be entitled by law, to exemplary damages in an amount (as determined by the Secretary or his duly authorized representa-

tive) which shall be not less than three nor more than ten times the costs incurred by the Contractor in providing any such gratuities to any such officer or employee.

(c) The rights and remedies of the Government provided in this clause shall not be exclusive and are in addition to any other rights and remedies provided by law or under this contract.

#### ARTICLE 12

## 7-104.18 PRIORITIES, ALLOCATIONS, AND ALLOT-MENTS (JAN. 1961)

The Contractor shall follow the provisions of DMS Reg. 1 and all other applicable regulations and orders of the Business and Defense Services Administration in obtaining controlled materials and other products and materials needed to fill this order.

#### ARTICLE 13

## 7-104.21 LIMITATION ON WITHHOLDING OF PAY-MENTS (SEP. 1958)

If more than one clause or Schedule provision of this contract authorizes the temporary withholding of amounts otherwise payable to the Contractor for supplies delivered or services performed, the total of the amounts so withheld at any one time shall not exceed the greatest amount which may be withheld under any one such clause or Schedule provision at that time; provided, that this limitation shall not apply to—

- (i) withholdings pursuant to any clause relating to wages or hours of employees;
- (ii) withholdings not specifically provided for by this contract; and
  - (iii) the recovery of overpayments.

#### ARTICLE 14

#### 7-103.8 ASSIGNMENT OF CLAIMS (FEB. 1962)

- (a) Pursuant to the provisions of the Assignment of Claims Act of 1940, as amended (31 U.S. Code 203, 41 U.S. Code 15), if this contract provides for payments aggregating \$1,000 or more, claims for monies due or to become due the Contractor from the Government under this contract may be assigned to a bank, trust company, or other financing institution, including any Federal lending agency, and may thereafter be further assigned and reassigned to any such institution. Any such assignment or reassignment shall cover all amounts payable under this contract and not already paid, and shall not be made to more than one party, except that any such assignment or reassignment may be made to one party as agent or trustee for two or more parties participating in such financing. Notwithstanding any provisions of this contract, payments to an assignee of any monies due or to become due under this contract shall not, to the extent provided in said Act, as amended, be subject to reduction or set-off.
- (b) In no event shall copies of this contract or of any plans, specifications, or other similar documents relating to work under this contract, if marked "Top Secret," "Secret," or "Confidential," be furnished to any assignee of any claim arising under this contract or to any other person not entitled to receive the same: Provided, That a copy of any part or all of this contract so marked may be furnished, or any information contained therein may be disclosed, to such assignee upon the prior written authorization of the Contracting Officer.

#### ARTICLE 15

### 9-104 NOTICE AND ASSISTANCE REGARDING PATENT AND COPYRIGHT INFRINGEMENT (SEP. 1964)

The provisions of this clause shall be applicable only if the amount of this contract exceeds \$10,000.

(a) The Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer, promptly and in reasonable written detail, each notice or claim of patent or copyright infringement based on the performance of this contract of which the Contractor has knowledge.

(b) In the event of any claim or suit against the Government on account of any alleged patent or copyright infringement arising out of the performance of this contract or out of the use of any supplies furnished or work or services performed hereunder, the Contractor shall furnish to the Government, when requested by the Contracting Officer, all evidence and information in possession of the Contractor pertaining to such suit or claim. Such evidence and information shall be furnished at the expense of the Government except where the Contractor has agreed to indemnify the Government.

#### ARTICLE 16

#### 9-106 FILING OF PATENT APPLICATIONS (JAN. 1955)

- (a) Before filing or causing to be filed a patent application disclosing any subject matter of this contract, which subject matter is classified "Secret" or higher, the Contractor shall, citing the thirty (30) day provision below, transmit the proposed application to the Contracting Officer for determination whether, for reasons of national security, such application should be placed under an order of secrecy or sealed in accordance with the provisions of 35 U.S.C. 181-188 or the issuance of a patent should be otherwise delayed under pertinent statutes or regulations; and the Contractor shall observe any instructions of the Contracting Officer with respect to the manner of delivery of the patent application to the U.S. Patent Office for filing, but the Contractor shall not be denied the right to file such patent application. If the Contracting Officer shall not have given any such instructions within thirty (30) days from the date of mailing or other transmittal of the proposed application, the Contractor may file the application.
- (b) The Contractor shall furnish to the Contracting Officer, at the time of or prior to the time when the Contractor files or causes to be filed a patent application disclosing any subject matter of this contract, which subject matter is classified "Confidential," a copy of such application for determination whether, for reasons of national security, such application should be placed under an order of secrecy or the issuance of a patent should be otherwise delayed under pertinent statutes or regulations.
- (c) In filing any patent application coming within the scope of this clause, the Contractor shall observe all applicable security regulations covering the transmission of classified subject matter.

# ARTICLE 17

#### 9-106.1 FILING OF PATENT APPLICATIONS (FOR-EIGN) (JAN. 1958)

While and so long as any subject matter of this contract is classified for reasons of security, the Contractor shall not file, or cause to be filed, in any country, an application or registration for a patent containing any of said subject matter without first obtaining written approval of the Contracting Officer.

## ARTICLE 18

## 9-107.5(b) PATENT RIGHTS (LICENSE) (MAY 1964)

- (a) Definitions Used in This Clause.
- (1) Subject Invention means any invention or discovery, whether or not patentable, conceived or first actually reduced to practice in the course of or under this contract. The term "Subject Invention" includes, but is not limited to, any art, machine, manufacture, design or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, or any variety of plant, which is or may be patentable under the patent laws of the United States of America or any foreign country.
- (2) Governmental purpose means the right of the Government of the United States (including any agency thereof, state or domestic municipal government) to practice and have practiced (make or have made, use or have used, sell or have sold) any Subject Invention throughout the world by or on behalf of the Government of the United States.
- (3) Contract means any contract, agreement, grant, or other arrangement, or subcontract entered into with or for the benefit

of the Covernment where a purpose of the contract is the conduct of experimental, development, or research work.

- (4) Subcontract and subcontractor mean any subcontract or subcontractor of the Contractor, any lower-tier subcontract or subcontractor under this contract.
- (5) To bring to the point of practical application means to manufacture in the case of a composition or product, to practice in the case of a process, or to operate in the case of a machine or system and, in each case, under such conditions as to establish that the Invention is being worked and that its benefits are reasonably accessible to the public.
  - (b) Rights granted to the Government.
- (1) The Contractor agrees to and does hereby grant to the Government an irrevocable, nonexclusive, and royalty-free license to practice and have practiced each Subject Invention (made by the Contractor) throughout the world for Governmental purposes. In addition, the Government shall have the right to grant licenses to any foreign government or international organization specifically for use in programs established by International Agreements for research, development, or production of weapons or equipment for mutual defense and shall include the practice of such Subject Invention in the manufacture, use, and disposition of any article or material, in the use of any method, or in the performance of any service acquired by or for the Government or with funds derived through the Military Assistance Program of the Government or otherwise through the Government.
- (2) The Contractor further agrees to grant, upon the request of the Government, a license under any Subject Invention (made by the Contractor) to:
  - (i) any applicant on a nonexclusive, royalty-free basis, unless the Contractor, his licensee, or his assignee demonstrates to the Government, at its request, that effective steps have been taken within three years after a patent issues on such Invention to bring the Invention to the point of practical application or that the Invention has been made available for licensing royalty-free or on terms that are reasonable in the circumstances, or can show cause why the principal or exclusive rights should be retained for a further period of time:
  - (ii) any applicant royalty-free or on terms that are reasonable in the circumstances to the extent that the Invention is required for public use by governmental regulations or as may be necessary to fulfill health needs, or for other public purposes stipulated in the Schedule of this contract.

Nothing contained in this Patent Rights clause shall be deemed to grant any rights with respect to any invention other than a Subject Invention.

- (c) Invention Disclosures and Reports. With respect to Subject Inventions (made by the Contractor), the Contractor shall furnish to the Contracting Officer:
  - (i) a written disclosure of each such Invention within four (4) months after conception or first actual reduction to practice, whichever occurs first under this contract, sufficiently complete as to technical detail to convey to one skilled in the art to which the Invention pertains a clear understanding of the nature, purpose, operation and, as the case may be, physical, chemical or electrical characteristics of the Invention, together with a written statement making an election as to whether a United States patent application claiming the Invention will be filed by or on behalf of the Contractor;
  - (ii) interim reports at least every twelve (12) months, the initial period of which shall commence with the date of this contract, each report listing all such Inventions conceived or first actually reduced to practice more than three (3) months prior to the date of the report and not listed on a prior interim report, or certifying that there are no such unreported Inventions;
  - (iii) prior to final settlement of this contract, a final report listing all such Inventions including all those previously listed in interim reports, or certifying that there are no such unreported Inventions; and

- (iv) written reports at reasonable intervals, prior to and after final settlement, when requested by the Government, as to
- (A) the commercial use that is being made or is intended to be made of such Invention;
- (B) the steps taken by the Contractor to bring the Invention to the point of practical application, or to make the Invention available for licensing.
- (d) Domestic Filing. In connection with each Subject Invention referred to in (c)(i) above:
  - (i) if the Contractor has elected to file a United States patent application claiming such Invention, the Contractor shall, within six (6) months after the election, file or cause to be filed such application in due form and shall so notify the Contracting Officer at the time of such filing; if the Contractor does not file or cause to be filed such application, he shall notify the Contracting Officer within the six (6) month period;
  - (ii) if the Contractor has elected not to file or to cause to be filed a United States patent application claiming such Invention, or has made the contrary election but has not filed or caused to be filed such application within six (6) months after the election, the Contractor shall:
    - (A) inform the Contracting Officer in writing, as soon as practicable, of the date and identity of any public use, sale, or publication of such Invention made by or known to the Contractor or of any contemplated publication by the Contractor:
    - (B) upon written request, convey to the Government the Contractor's entire right, title and interest in such Invention by delivering to the Contracting Officer such duly executed instruments (prepared by the Government) of assignment and application, and such other papers, as are deemed necessary to vest in the Government the entire right, title, and interest aforesaid, and the right to apply for and prosecute patent applications covering such Invention throughout the world, subject to the reservation of a nonexclusive and royalty-free license to the Contractor (and to his existing and future associated and affiliated companies, if any, within the corporate structure of which the Contractor is a part) which license shall be assignable to the successor of that part of the Contractor's business to which such Invention pertains;
  - (iii) the Contractor shall furnish promptly to the Contracting Officer on request an irrevocable power of attorney to inspect and make copies of each United States patent application filed by or on behalf of the Contractor covering any such Invention;
  - (iv) in the event the Contractor, or those other than the Government deriving rights from the Contractor, elects not to continue prosecution of any such United States patent application filed by or on behalf of the Contractor, the Contractor shall so notify the Contracting Officer not less than sixty (60) days before the expiration of the response period and, upon written request, deliver to the Contracting Officer such duly executed instruments (prepared by the Government) as are deemed necessary to vest in the Government the entire right, title, and interest in such Invention and the application, subject to the reservation as specified in paragraph (d)(ii)(B) of this clause; and
  - (v) the Contractor shall deliver to the Contracting Officer duly executed instruments fully confirmatory of all rights herein agreed to be granted or reserved to the Government.
- (e) Foreign Filing. The Contractor, or those other than the Government deriving rights from the Contractor, shall as between the parties hereto, have the exclusive right, subject to the rights of the Government under paragraph (b) of this clause, to file applications on Subject Inventions (made by the Contractor) in each foreign country within:
  - (i) nine (9) months from the date a corresponding United States application is filed, or nine (9) months from the date the Contractor discloses a Subject Invention under paragraph

- (c)(i) above with an election not to file a United States application:
- (ii) six (6) months from the date permission is granted to file foreign applications where such filing had been prohibited for security reasons; or
- (iii) such longer period as may be approved by the Contracting Officer.

The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer of each foreign application filed and, upon written request of the Contracting Officer, convey to the Government the entire right, title, and interest in each such Subject Invention in each foreign country in which an application has not been filed within the time above specified, subject to the reservation as specified in paragraph (d)(ii)(B) of this clause.

- (f) Withholding of Payment. If the Contractor fails to deliver to the Contracting Officer the interim reports required by (c)(ii) above, or fails to furnish the written disclosures for all Subject Inventions required by (c)(i) above shown to be due in accordance with any interim report delivered under (c)(ii) or otherwise known to the Government to be unreported, there shall be withheld from payment, until the Contractor shall have corrected such failures, either ten percent (10%) of the amount of this contract, as from time to time amended, or ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), whichever is less. After payment of eighty percent (80%) of the amount of this contract, as from time to time amended, payment shall be withheld until a reserve of either ten percent (10%) of the amount of this contract, or ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) whichever is less, shall have been set aside, such reserve or balance thereof to be retained until the Contractor shall have furnished to the Contracting Officer:
  - (i) the final report required by (c)(iii) of this clause;
  - (ii) written disclosures for all Inventions required by (c)(i) above which are shown to be due in accordance with interim reports delivered under (c)(ii) above, or in accordance with such final reports, or are otherwise known to the Government to be unreported; and
  - (iii) the information as to any subcontractor required by (g) below.

No amount shall be withheld under this paragraph when the amount specified by this paragraph is being withheld under other provisions of this contract. The withholding of any amount or subsequent payment thereof to the Contractor shall not be construed as a waiver of any rights accruing to the Government under this contract. This paragraph shall not be construed as requiring the Contractor to withhold any amounts from a subcontractor to enforce compliance with the patent provision of a subcontract. In cost-type contracts, "amount of this contract" shall mean "estimated cost of this contract."

# (g) Subcontracts.

- (1) The Contractor shall, unless otherwise authorized or directed by the Contracting Officer, include a patent rights clause containing all of the provisions of this Patent Rights clause except provision (f) in any subcontract hereunder where a purpose of the subcontract is the conduct of experimental, developmental, or research work. In the event of refusal by a subcontractor to accept this Patent Rights clause, or if in the opinion of the Contractor this Patent Rights clause is inconsistent with the policy set forth in ASPR 9-107.2 and 9-107.3, the Contractor:
  - (i) shall promptly submit a written report to the Contracting Officer setting forth the subcontractor's reason for such refusal or the reasons the Contractor is of the opinion that the inclusion of this clause would be so inconsistent, and other pertinent information which may expedite disposition of the matter; and
  - (ii) shall not proceed with the subcontract without the written authorization of the Contracting Officer.

The Contractor shall not, in any subcontract or by using such a subcontract as consideration therefor, acquire any rights to Subject Inventions for his own use (as distinguished from such rights as may be required solely to fulfill his contract obligations to the Government in the performance of this contract). Reports, instruments, and other information required to be furnished by a

subcontractor to the Contracting Officer under the provisions of such a patent rights clause in a subcontract hereunder may, upon mutual consent of the Contractor and the subcontractor (or by direction of the Contracting Officer) be furnished to the Contractor for transmission to the Contracting Officer.

- (2) The Contractor, at the earliest practicable date, shall also notify the Contracting Officer in writing of any subcontract containing a patent rights clause, furnish him a copy of such clause, and notify him when such subcontract is completed. It is understood that the Government is a third party beneficiary of any subcontract clause granting rights to the Government in Subject Inventions, and the Contractor hereby assigns to the Government all the rights that he would have to enforce the subcontractor's obligations for the benefit of the Government with respect to Subject Inventions. If there are no subcontracts containing patent rights clauses, a negative report is required. The Contractor shall not be obligated to enforce the agreements of any subcontractor hereunder relating to the obligations of the subcontractor to the Government in regard to Subject Inventions.
- (h) Licenses Granted by Contractor to Others Subject to Government's Rights. The Contractor recognizes that the Government, or a foreign government with funds derived through the Military Assistance Program or otherwise through the United States Government, may contract for property or services with respect to which the vendor may be liable to the Contractor for royalties for the use of a Subject Invention on account of such a contract. The Contractor further recognizes that it is the policy of the Government not to pay in connection with its contracts, or to allow to be paid in connection with contracts made with funds derived through the Military Assistance Program or otherwise through the United States Covernment, charges for use of patents in which the Government holds a royalty-free license. In recognition of this policy, the Contractor agrees to participate in and make appropriate arrangements for the exclusion of such charges from such contracts or for the refund of amounts received by the Contractor with respect to any such charges not so
- (i) Rights to Disclose Subject Inventions. The Government may duplicate and disclose reports and disclosures of Subject Inventions required to be furnished by the Contractor or a subcontractor pursuant to this Patent Rights clause.

# ARTICLE 19

# 9-110 ROYALTY INFORMATION (AUG. 1961)

When the response to this solicitation contains costs or charges for royalties totaling more than \$250, the following information shall be furnished with the offer, proposal, or quotation on each separate item of royalty or license fee:

- (i) name and address of licensor;
- (ii) date of license agreement;
- (iii) patent numbers, patent application serial numbers or other basis on which the royalty is payable;
- (iv) brief description, including any part or model numbers of each contract item or component on which the royalty is payable;
  - (v) percentage or dollar rate of royalty per unit;
  - (vi) unit price of contract item;
  - (vii) number of units; and
  - (viii) total dollar amount of royalties.

DD Form 783, Royalty Report, is approved for use in furnishing the above information. In addition, if specifically requested by the Contracting Officer prior to execution of the contract, a copy of the current license agreement and identification of applicable claims of specific patents shall be furnished.

#### ARTICLE 20

# 9-203.1 DATA (FEB. 1962)

(a) The term "Subject Data" as used herein includes writings, sound recordings, pictorial reproductions, drawings or other graphical representations, and works of any similar nature (whether or not copyrighted) which are specified to be delivered under this contract. The term does not include financial reports,

cost analyses, and other information incidental to contract administration.

- (b) The Contractor agrees to and does hereby grant to the Government, and to its officers, agents, and employees acting within the scope of their official duties, a royalty-free, nonexclusive and irrevocable license throughout the world for Government purposes to publish, translate, reproduce, deliver, perform, dispose of, and to authorize others so to do, all Subject Data now or hereafter covered by copyright.
- (c) The Contractor shall not include in the Subject Data any copyrighted matter, without the written approval of the Contracting Officer, unless he provides the Government with the written permission of the copyright owner for the Government to use such copyrighted matter in the manner provided in paragraph (b) above
- (d) The Contractor shall report to the Contracting Officer, promptly and in reasonable written detail, each notice or claim of copyright infringement received by the Contractor with respect to all Subject Data delivered under this contract.
- (e) Nothing contained in this clause shall imply a license to the Government under any patent or be construed as affecting the scope of any license or other right otherwise granted to the Government under any patent.
- (f) Unless otherwise limited below, the Government may duplicate, use, and disclose in any manner and for any purpose whatsoever, and have others so do, all Subject Data delivered under this contract.
- (g) The Contractor recognizes that the Government, or a foreign government with funds derived through the Mutual Security Program or otherwise through the United States Government, may contract for property or services with respect to which the vendor may be liable to the Contractor for charges for the use of Subject Data on account of such a contract. The Contractor further recognizes that it is the policy of the government not to pay in connection with its contracts, or to allow to be paid in connection with contracts made with funds derived through the Mutual Security Program or otherwise through the United States Government, charges for data which the Government has a right to use and disclose to others, or which is in the public domain, or with respect to which the Government has been placed in possession without restrictions upon its use and disclosure to others. This policy does not apply to reasonable reproduction, handling, mailing, and similar administrative costs incident to the furnishing of such data. In recognition of this policy, the Contractor agrees to participate in and make appropriate arrangements for the exclusion of such charges from such contracts or for the refund of amounts received by the Contractor with respect to any such charges not so excluded.
- (h) Notwithstanding any provisions of this contract concerning inspection and acceptance, the Government shall have the right at any time to modify, remove, obliterate or ignore any marking not authorized by the terms of this contract on any piece of Subject Data furnished under this contract.

For all Supply Contracts in which data is specified to be delivered

Add (i) 9-203.2 (OCT. 1958)

(i) Notwithstanding any Tables or Specifications included or incorporated in the contract by reference, "proprietary data" need not be furnished unless suitably identified in the Schedule of the Contract as being required. For the purpose of this clause, "proprietary data" means data providing information concerning the details of a Contractor's secrets of manufacture, such as may be contained in but not limited to his manufacturing methods or processes, treatment and chemical composition of materials, plant layout and tooling, to the extent that such information is not disclosed by inspection or analysis of the product itself and to the extent that the Contractor has protected such information from unrestricted use by others.

For all Contracts for Experimental, Development or Research work and where the Schedule of the Contract specifies the data to be required

Add (i) 9-203.4 (OCT. 1958)

(i) Data need not be furnished for standard commercial items or services which are normally or have been sold or offered to the public commercially by any supplier and which are incorporated as component parts in or to be used with the product or process being developed if in lieu thereof identification of source and characteristics (including performance specifications, when necessary) sufficient to enable the Government to procure the part or an adequate substitute, are furnished; and further, proprietary data need not be furnished for other items which were developed at private expense and previously sold or offered for sale, including minor modifications thereof, which are incorporated as component parts in or to be used with the product or process being developed, if in lieu thereof the Contractor shall identify such other items and that "proprietary data" pertaining thereto which is necessary to enable reproduction or manufacture of the item or performance of the process. For the purpose of this clause "proprietary data" means data providing information concerning the details of a Contractor's secrets of manufacture, such as may be contained in but not limited to its manufacturing methods or processes, treatment and chemical composition of materials, plant layout and tooling, to the extent that such information is not disclosed by inspection or analysis of the product itself and to the extent that the Contractor has protected such information from unrestricted use by others.

#### ARTICLE 21

# 9-207.2b DATA—WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENT (APR. 1962)

If "Subject Data" (as defined in the clause of this contract entitled "Data"), or any part thereof, is not delivered within the time specified by this contract or is deficient upon delivery (including having restrictive markings not specifically authorized by this contract), the Contracting Officer may, until such data is delivered or deficiencies are corrected, withhold payment to the Contractor of ten percent (10%) of the contract price unless a lesser withholding is specified in the schedule. Payments shall not be withheld nor any other action taken pursuant to this clause where the Contractor's failure to make timely delivery or to deliver data without deficiencies arises out of causes beyond the control and without the fault or negligence of the Contractor within the meaning of the clause hereof entitled "Default." The withholding of any amount or subsequent payment thereof to the Contractor shall not be construed as a waiver of any rights accruing to the Government under this contract.

### ARTICLE 22

# 12-203 CONVICT LABOR (MAR. 1949)

In connection with the performance of work under this contract, the Contractor agrees not to employ any person undergoing sentence of imprisonment at hard labor.

#### ARTICLE 23

# 12-303.1 WORK HOURS ACT OF 1962—OVERTIME COMPENSATION (OCT. 1962)

This contract, to the extent that it is of a character specified in the Work Hours Act of 1962 (Public Law 87-581, 76 Stat. 357-360) and is not covered by the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act (41 U.S.C. 35-45), is subject to the following provisions and to all other provisions and exceptions of said Work Hours Act of 1962

- (a) No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work shall require or permit any laborer or mechanic to be employed on such work in excess of eight hours in any calendar day or in excess of forty hours in any workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times his basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of eight hours in any calendar day or in excess of forty hours in such workweek, whichever is the greater number of overtime hours.
- (b) In the event of any violation of the provisions of paragraph (a), the contractor, and any subcontractor responsible for

such violation shall be liable to any affected employee for his unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor or subcontractor shall be liable to the United States for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed, with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic employed in violation of the provisions of paragraph (a), in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such employee was required or permitted to work in excess of eight hours or in excess of forty hours in a workweek without payment of the required overtime wages.

(c) The Contracting Officer may withhold, or cause to be withheld, from moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor, the full amount of wages required by this contract and such sums as may administratively be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for liquidated damages as provided in paragraph (b).

#### ARTICLE 24

# 12-605 WALSH-HEALEY PUBLIC CONTRACTS ACT (JAN. 1958)

If this contract is for the manufacture or furnishing of materials, supplies, articles, or equipment in an amount which exceeds or may exceed \$10,000 and is otherwise subject to the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act, as amended (41 U.S.C. 35-45), there are hereby incorporated by reference all representations and stipulations required by said Act and regulations issued thereunder by the Secretary of Labor, such representations and stipulations being subject to all applicable rulings and interpretations of the Secretary of Labor which are now or may hereafter be in effect.

#### ARTICLE 25

# 12-802 NONDISCRIMINATION IN EMPLOYMENT (JUN. 1963)

During the performance of this contract, the Contractor agrees as follows:

- (1) The Contractor will not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, creed, color, or national origin. The Contractor will take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, creed, color, or national origin. Such action shall include, but not be limited, to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The Contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided by the Contracting Officer setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.
- (2) The Contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, state that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, creed, color, or national origin.
- (3) The Contractor will send to each labor union or representative of workers with which he has a collective bargaining agreement or other contract or understanding, a notice, to be provided by the Agency Contracting Officer, advising the said labor union or workers' representative of the Contractor's commitments under this section, and shall post copies of the notice in conspicuous places available to employees and applicants for employment.
- (4) The Contractor will comply with all provisions of Executive Order No. 10925 of March 6, 1961, as amended, and of the rules, regulations, and relevant orders of the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity created thereby.
- (5) The Contractor will furnish all information and reports required by Executive Order No. 10925 of March 6, 1961, as amended, and by the rules, regulations, and orders of the said Committee, or pursuant thereto, and will permit access to his books, records, and accounts by the contracting agency and the Committee for purposes of investigation to ascertain compliance with such rules, regulations, and orders.

- (6) In the event of the Contractor's noncompliance with the nondiscrimination clause of this contract or with any of the said rules, regulations, or orders, this contract may be cancelled, terminated, or suspended in whole or in part and the Contractor may be declared ineligible for further Government contracts in accordance with procedures authorized in Executive Order No. 10925 of March 6, 1961, as amended, and such other sanctions, may be imposed and remedies invoked as provided in the said Executive Order or by rule, regulation, or order of the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity, or as otherwise provided by law.
- (7) The Contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs (1) through (7) in every subcontract or purchase order unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the President's Committee on Equal Employment Opportunity issued pursuant to section 303 of Executive Order No. 10925 of March 6, 1961, as amended, so that such provisions will be binding upon each subcontractor or vendor. The Contractor will take such action with respect to any subcontract or purchase order as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions, including sanctions for noncompliance: Provided, however, that in the event the Contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with, litigation with a subcontractor or vendor as a result of such direction by the contracting agency, the Contractor may request the United States to enter into such litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

### ARTICLE 26

#### E-620 INTEREST (MAY 1963)

Notwithstanding any other provision of this contract, unless paid within 30 days all amounts that become payable by the Contractor to the Government under this contract (net of any applicable tax credit under the Internal Revenue Code) shall bear interest at the rate of six percent per annum from the date due until paid and shall be subject to adjustments as provided by Part 6 of Appendix E of the Armed Services Procurement Regulation, as in effect on the date of this contract. Amounts shall be due upon the earliest one of (i) the date fixed pursuant to this contract, (ii) the date of the first written demand for payment, consistent with this contract, (iii) the date of transmittal by the Government to the Contractor of a proposed supplemental agreement to confirm completed negotiations fixing the amount, or (iv) if this contract provides for revision of prices, the date of written notice to the Contractor stating the amount of refund payable in connection with a pricing proposal or in connection with a negotiated pricing agreement not confirmed by contract supplement.

# ARTICLE 27

# SECURITY REQUIREMENTS (Applicable only if the Schedule of the Contract specifies a Security Classification)

- (a) The Contractor shall not initiate or perform any classified work specified in the contract until compliance with such security measures as may be required by the Security Representative of the Contracting Officer and he has received written notice of approval thereof from the Contracting Officer.
- (b) Disclosure of Information. It is understood that disclosure of information relating to the work contracted for hereunder, to any person not entitled to receive it, or failure to safeguard all SECRET and CONFIDENTIAL matter that may come to the Contractor or any person under his control in connection with the work under this contract, may subject the Contractor, his agents, employees and subcontractors to criminal liability under the laws of the United States (18 U.S. Code 793, 794, 798). See "Contractor's Security Agreement" and "Security Requirements for Contractor's" which are incorporated herein by reference only.
- (c) Subcontractors. When it is deemed necessary to disclose classified information to a subcontractor to accomplish the purposes of this contract the Contractor will request permission of

the Contracting Officer prior to such disclosure. Upon the granting of permission, the Contractor shall cause to be inserted in all subcontracts under this contract a provision similar to (a) above.

(d) Employment of Aliens. No aliens employed by the Contractor shall be permitted to have access to the plans or specifications, or the work under construction, or to participate in the contract trials, without the written consent beforehand of the Contracting Officer.

#### **ARTICLE 28**

Non-Publicity: It is a specific condition of the agreement that the Contractor shall not use or allow to be used any aspect of this agreement for publicity or advertisement purposes. The Contractor may request a waiver of the foregoing but shall not deviate therefrom unless so authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer.

#### ARTICLE 29

Standard Price: The price for any standard commercial equipment hereunder is not in excess of that charged by the Contractor to the public or other Government Activities for like quantities of similar equipment.

#### ARTICLE 30

Inspection: Unless specified otherwise in this contractual document, inspection during the course of the performance of the work hereunder may be made by technical representative(s) of the Contracting Officer. In any event, final inspection and acceptance shall be at consignee destination.

# ARTICLE 31

Delivery F.O.B.: Unless specified otherwise in the contractual document, the Item(s) hereunder is (are) f.o.b. the Contractor's plant. It is understood that the Contractor shall ship the said Item(s) prepaid to the consignee, risk of loss or damage in transit remaining with the Contractor to the point of destination. The Government shall reimburse the Contractor for such transportation costs when billed as a separate item supported by a copy of the prepaid shipping document. The Contractor shall make every effort to meet the specified delivery schedule(s).

Unless otherwise authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall select the mode of transportation which will provide the required service at the lowest overall cost. However, when the total weight of deliverable material is in excess of 20,000 pounds, the Contractor shall first submit a shipping schedule indicating weight and cube to the Contracting Officer. A determination as to the method and routing of material in such instances will then be made by the Contracting Officer.

# ARTICLE 32

Late Delivery: In the event the Contractor encounters difficulty in meeting performance requirements, or when he anticipates difficulty in complying with the contract delivery schedule or date, he shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer in writing giving pertinent details; provided, however, that this data shall be informational only in character and that this provision shall not be construed as a waiver by the Government of any delivery schedule or date for any rights or remedies provided by law or under this contract.

## ARTICLE 33

Personal Delivery: In the event any item under this contract is personally delivered to the Technical Representative of the Contracting Officer, a signed receipt in duplicate must be obtained from said representative and one copy attached to any invoice submitted for reimbursement for such item(s). Failure to do so will result in suspension of payment, since the Disbursing Officer is prohibited from making payment without evidence of deliverý to other than the designated consignee.

#### ARTICLE 34

Packing and Packaging: Packing and packaging shall be in accordance with standard commercial practice for domestic shipment, as set forth in the Uniform Freight Classification for commercial practice, to assure arrival at destination in serviceable condition. Exterior of the container(s) shall bear the item numbers and consignee address.

#### ARTICLE 35

Manuals for Production-Type Items: The Contractor shall furnish with each production-type item and each standard commercial type item deliverable hereunder, a manual or other data necessary for the user to satisfactorily inspect, operate and maintain the equipment.

## ARTICLE 36

Shipping Instructions: If not specified in the contract, names of consignees of all supplies or equipment to be delivered by the Contractor hereunder will be furnished to the Contractor in writing by the Contracting Officer at a later date. Request therefor shall be made to the Contracting Officer not later than thirty (30) days prior to the date on which any of the articles are ready for shipment.

### ARTICLE 37

Protective Signature: In the event any material or items which may be concerned hereunder are, or may later become SECRET or CONFIDENTIAL and when the size or weight of such material or items classified SECRET or CONFIDENTIAL makes shipment by registered mail impracticable, commercial shipment should be made only by the Railway Express Agency "Protective Signature Service." The material must be securely crated and banded and prior to shipment the Contractor shall advise the Contracting Officer of (1) the date the material will be shipped, (2) the approximate date of arrival, and (3) the approximate weight, size, and number of cartons. Bulk shipments of TOP SECRET material shall be made only in accordance with specific instructions which will be furnished the Contractor by the Contracting Officer upon notification that the material is ready for shipment.

## ARTICLE 38

Notice of Shipments: At the time of delivery of any shipment of supplies to a carrier for transportation, the Contractor shall give prepaid notice of shipment to the consignee establishment, and to such other persons or installations designated by the Contracting Officer, in accordance with instructions of the Contracting Officer. If such instructions have not been received by the Contractor at least 24 hours prior to such delivery to a carrier, the Contractor shall request instructions from the Contracting Officer concerning the notice of shipment to be given.

# ARTICLE 39

## IDENTIFICATION AND MARKING OF SHIPMENTS

#### I. General:

A. It is an express condition of this contract that the Contractor will make no reference of any nature to the purchaser in connection with the shipment of materials or the shipping documents pertaining to this contract. This includes, but it is not limited to the items being furnished, instruction books, blueprints, manuals, packing lists, instruction plates or identification plates. Neither shall there be any reference to the purchaser on or in any shipping container, shipping documents or billing documents.

### II. Bills of Lading:

A. The Bill of Lading shall show the consignee as cited on Schedule "A" of the contract.

#### III. Exterior Markings:

- A. No stenciling shall be applied to the shipping container except for the following:
  - (1) Weight, dimensions and cubic content of container
  - (2) Caution markings for handling purposes, such as; "DELICATE INSTRUMENT", "THIS SIDE UP", "FRAGILE", AND "CENTER OF BALANCE" (on large items), and etc.
- B. The consignee address as given above in paragraph II A shall be marked on a shipping tag or label that shall be securely fixed on the container by use of a waterproof adhesive or stapled to the container. Such markings shall be protected by a coat of transparent water-repellent material.
  - C. Container Numbering
  - (1) Each exterior container shall bear a number relative to the total number of containers in the shipment, e.g., PKG. 1 of 5.
  - (2) Set marking—where an equipment item constitutes a set, and is packed and shipped unassembled in two or more separate pieces, each container shall be marked with the set or assembly number, the number of the container relative to the number of containers comprising the complete set, and the total number of containers in the particular set or assembly, together with a brief description of the component part contained therein. Thus, a box containing a control panel which is the third container of a group of four making up set number two would require the following special set markings: Set No. 2, Package 3 of 4, Control Panel.
  - (3) Container numbering shall not be stenciled on the containers but shall be applied by tag or label as described in paragraph III B.

# IV. Interior Markings:

- A: No markings shall be applied on any interior packaging material or container that would identify the purchaser.
- B. Each primary wrapper, envelope, bag, folding carton or other packaging material, enclosing each assembly, part or group of similar parts shall be marked or labeled so that it may be readily identified against the packing list. Each secondary and all other overwrap material shall be marked as to the contents enclosed in the package. The markings shall include the following:
  - (1) One of the following headings:
    - a. Part of basic unit (removed to facilitate packing)
    - b. Operating Spare Parts
    - c. Base Spare Parts

- d. Tools
- e. Service Equipment
- f. Other category indicated in the contract
- (2) Brief nomenclature
- (3) Quantity

Items that are not enclosed in a wrapper or carton shall be identified with a tag that includes the above information.

#### V. Packing Lists

- A. A master packing list shall accompany each shipment or be forwarded under separate cover so that it reaches the consignee prior to the receipt of the shipment. The master packing list shall include:
  - (1) Name and address of consignor
- (2) Name and address of consignee as in paragraph II A above
  - (3) Contract or Purchase order number
- (4) Government Bill of Lading Number covering the shipment if any
- (5) Items being shipped shall be listed as required under one or more of the headings listed in paragraph IV B (1) above
  - (6) Stock and item number
  - (7) Nomenclature of item
  - (8) Quantity of each item
- (9) Location of each item by container number and set number when applicable
- (10) Any data specifically required to be included on the packing list, by the terms of the contract.

#### VI. Unassembled Items:

A. Identification of connection components.

When it is necessary to remove components to facilitate packing, all connecting wires, conduits, leads and other objects disconnected shall be tagged in such a manner so as to readily identify lines of the various components.

B. Shipping bolts, collars etc.

All objects that are attached to assemblies for packing purposes that require removal before the item can be put in operation, shall be labelled accordingly in a conspicuous manner.

# ARTICLE 40

# 7-105.1 ALTERATIONS IN CONTRACT (JUL. 1949)

The following alterations have been made in the provisions of this contract:

#### SECTION A

#### ARTICLE 40 - ALTERATIONS

#### ARTICLE 3

# 1-1208(a) NEW MATERIAL (NOV. 1963)

Update to Jan. 1965.

## ARTICLE 4

#### 1-1208(d) GOVERNMENT SURPLUS (JAN. 1965)

In line six (6) after the words "set forth" delete the word "below" and add, "on a separate sheet to be attached to bid or proposal."

## ARTICLE 15

## 9-104 NOTICE AND ASSISTANCE (SEPT. 1964)

Update to Jan. 1965.

#### ARTICLE 18

## 9-107.5(b) PATENT RIGHTS (LICENSE) (MAY 1964)

Delete in its entirety.

## ARTICLE 20

### 9-203.1 DATA (FEB. 1962)

Delete and substitute the following:
ASPR 9-203(b) RIGHTS IN TECHNICAL DATA (FEB. 1965)

#### ARTICLE 21

# 9-207.2(b) DATA-WITHHOLDING OF PAYMENT (APR. 1962)

Delete in its entirety.

## ARTICLE 23

# 12-303.1 WORK HOURS ACT OF 1962—OVERTIME COMPENSATION (OCT. 1962)

Delete entire Article and substitute the following:
ASPR 12-303.1 CONTRACT WORK HOURS STANDARD
ACT-OVERTIME COMPENSATION (JUNE 1964).

#### ARTICLE 25

## 12-802 NONDISCRIMINATION (JUNE 1963)

Delete and substitute:

ASPR 12-802(a) EQUAL OPPORTUNITY (APR. 1964) Updated to include Executive Order No. 11246, Equal Employment Opportunity, of September 24, 1965.

#### ARTICLE 29

#### STANDARD PRICE

Delete "like quantities of similar equipment" and substitute, "like equipment, quantities and conditions".

### ARTICLE 33

#### PERSONAL DELIVERY

In line five (5) after the word "Item(s)", add, "or forwarded to the Contracting Officer."